

- The major theme of Jonah pertains to layman and leader
- For Jonah, no thought could be more repellent than to do what God has told Him to do
- It was very human to do what Jonah did: rebel
- > How could such a man as Jonah NOT be obedient?

JONAH CHAPTER 1 7He word

- Way yehi debar Yehoveh = The Word of Yehoveh came
- > 1) It is not "Lord" it is "Yehoveh"
- 2) Saying God's name became taboo in the 4th century B.C.; saying a god's name was critical information
- 3) "word of Yehoveh" is not speech: it is a manifestation of God called <u>The Word</u> John 1:14

NINEVEH of ASSYRIA



- People didn't have "last names" so adding "son of Amittai" to Jonah's name allows him to be identified
- Vs. 2 God tells Jonah to pronounce an oracle to Nineveh, Assyria
- Nineveh used in the Bible to represent "all Assyria"
- Nahum chapters 1, 2 and 3 deal with Nineveh

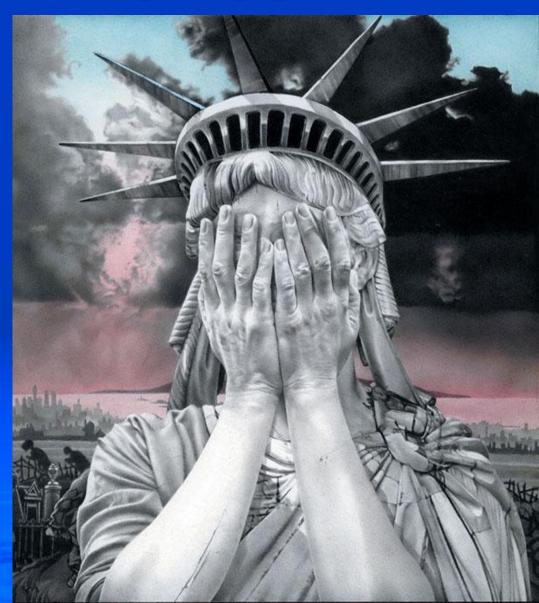
NINEVEH'S TROUBLES



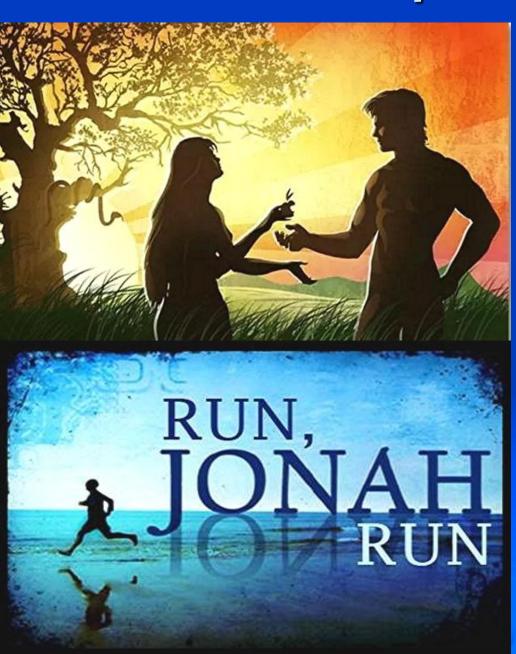
- Rah can mean evil, misery, calamity, destruction, trouble
- No evidence of a divine threat
- Why was Nineveh receptive to Jonah?
- Nineveh was at a low point
- What rah is meaning is
 1) Nineveh was oblivious of their wickedness
 2) Wickedness caused their troubles

- The USA used to be the envy of the world
- 50 years ago the definition of good and evil was vivid and accepted
- Today, we live in a post-moral society
- The new "morality" means whatever is legal is moral
- The pinnacle of our immorality has been reached: a belief in alternative and fluid genders

A LESSON FOR OUR DAY



"But Jonah rose up..."



- The 1st characteristic
 God instilled in humans
 was gender; male and
 female
- Within the past
 2 decades the
 foundational essence
 of humanity has been
 challenged by elites
- Nineveh thought their prosperity = proof of them being right
- Qum = rise up
- Jonah rose up to go the opposite direction!



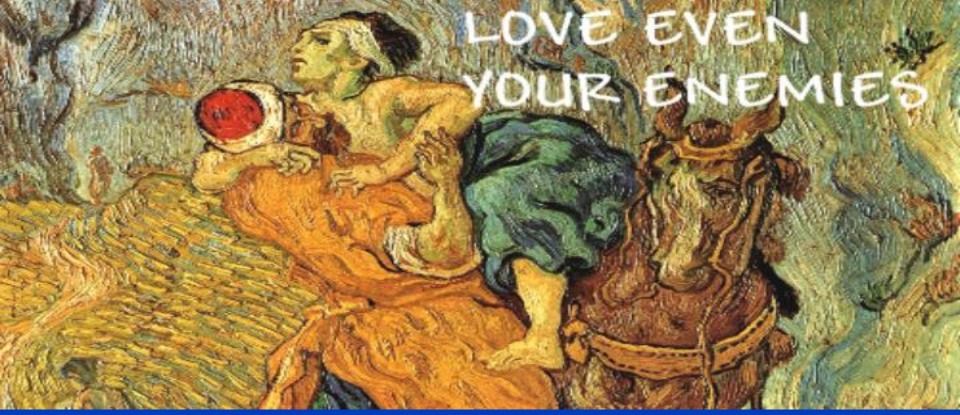
- > Sometimes Tarshish is re-translated as "sea"
- > Probably in southern Spain, called Tartessus
- "From Tarshish to Sheba" an expression meaning the known world from east to west
- Did Jonah actually believe he could escape from God?
- > Jonah's motivation to run away is given in Jonah 4:2

Thus says the LORD!

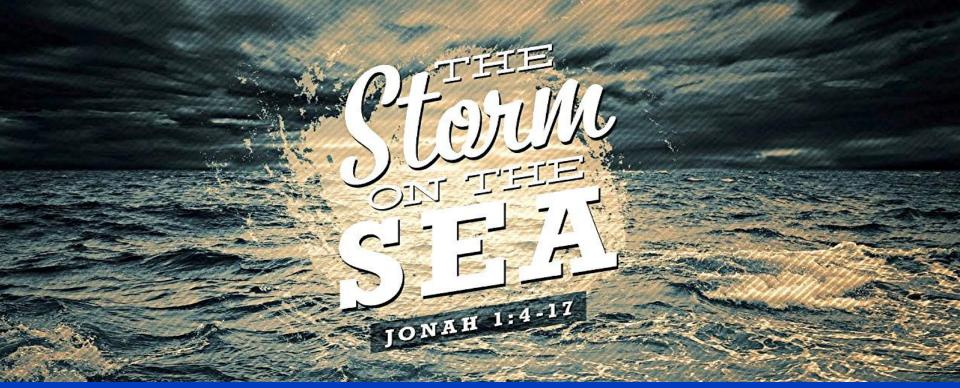
Jonah: the only rebelling Prophet



- Jonah was the only passenger mentioned
- Ships carried both cargo and people simultaneously
- Vs. 3 tells us Jonah's motivation: he ran in order to escape God's presence
- The Father accomplished His goal in Nineveh despite Jonah's effort to subvert it



- Douglas Stuart: "But to refuse to preach the possibility of divine mercy to one's enemies...is simply too narrow a view of God's love..."
- Christ reiterated this same view in Matthew 5:43 48
- Even though Assyria was legitimately Israel's enemy, Jonah was to love them as did God



- The Hebrew word *tuwl* describes the way that God sent the storm
- > Tuwl = hurl with force
- Humans are in awe of sea storms because they are beyond our control
- Paul shipwrecked 3 times and saw it as a sign
- > John 3:16