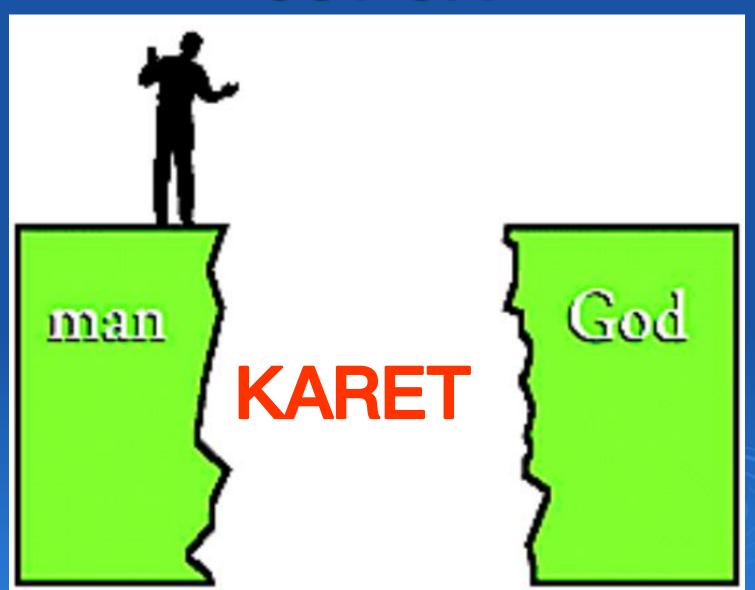
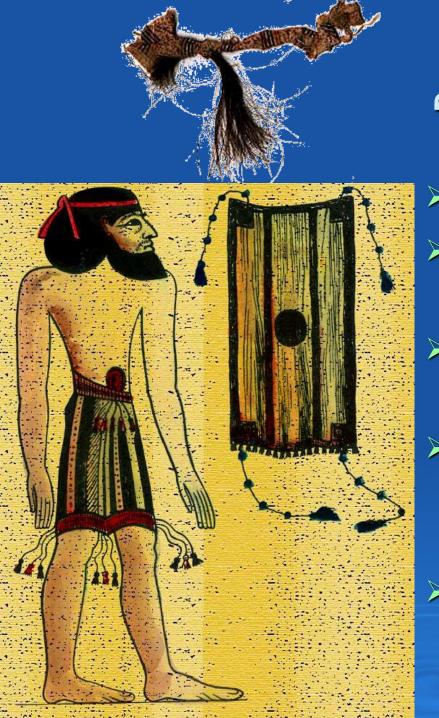
NUMBERS 15: CUT-OFF



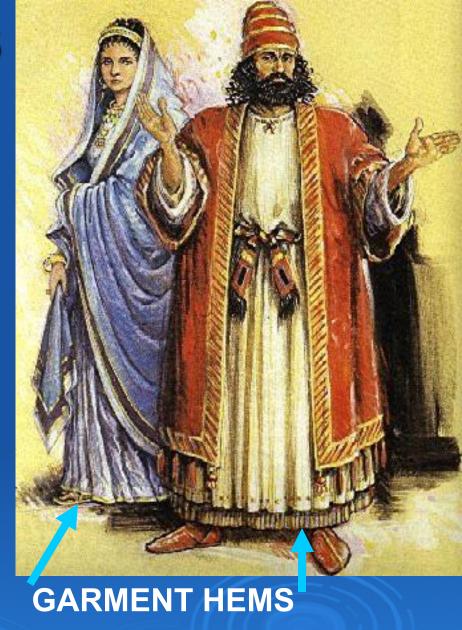


TZITZIT "LOCK OF HAIR"

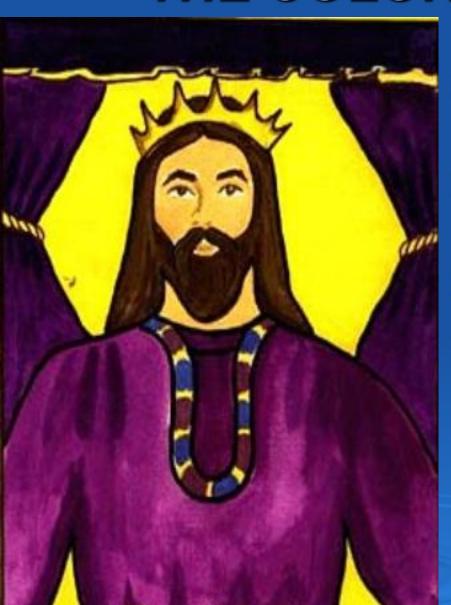
- Not a new invention
- Purpose of Tzitzit was unique to Hebrews
- Tzitzit were to be a reminder of God's Laws
- Most of HOW Tzitzit are made and worn are TRADITION
- > Hem

HEMS AS STATUS SYMBOLS

- Hems were seen as an extension of one's personality and authority
- Americans use cars and designer clothes as symbols of status and personality
- Christians wear Crosses, Stars of David, or use bumper stickers



PURPLE THE COLOR OF ROYALTY



- Hems and colors were like I.D.
- Purple as a color of royalty transcends cultures
- Mesopotamia: seer was required to write down his vision, present to King with lock of hair and piece of hem as a guarantee of reliability

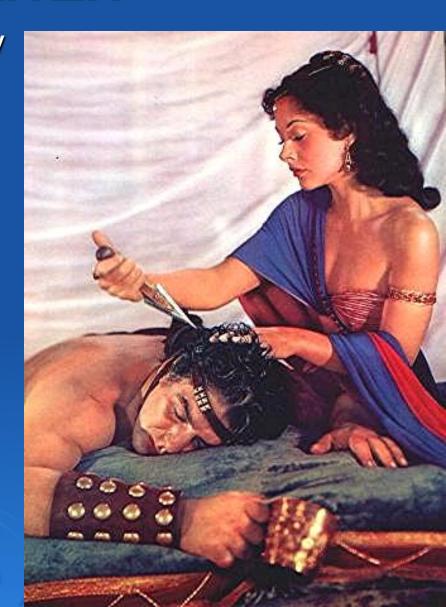
TZITZIT ARE AN EXTENSION OF THE HEM



- To be worn on the CORNERS of the garment
- Kanaf = extremity or wing
- David cuts the hem off of Saul's garment
- "Lord forbid....."
- "Now I know you will become King"

SAMSON'S 'LOCKS OF HAIR' LIKE TZITZIT

- Saul's hem was his authority symbol
- For both Saul and Samson, their "Tzitzit" were where their authority and power was derived
- When Saul's hem was cut, and Samson's hair was cut, their connection with the divine was severed
- Cut-off = karet



TEKHELET



- Tekhelet is the blue thread, made of wool
- MUST be royal purple/blue
- Dye made from Murex snail

PROHIBITION AGAINST MIXTURE OF FABRICS

- Rabbis say Tzitzit made of MIXTURE of wool and linen
- > Sha'atnez = mixture of fabrics (materials)
- Has been verified that ancient Jews used sha'atnez to make Tzitzit
- God says do not mix because:
 - 1) *tevel* = confusion
 - 2) **sha'atnez** ONLY allowed for Priestly garments (certain ones)

DEUT. 22:9

"...increase become defiled.."

- Word translated HERE as defiled is qadash
- Qadash = holy, set apart, separate (for God)
- Rashi, Ibn Ezra and other great Rabbis say this
- Ex. 39:28-29: ".... Of fine twisted linen, and blue, purple, and scarlet material....."
- Rabbis say the <u>"and"</u> means another material
- > That material is wool
- All ancient Hebrew documents currently known that describe priestly garments and Tzitzit verify the use of linen and wool together

HIGH PRIEST

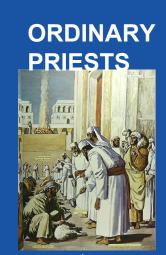
MUSICIANS
GUARDS
LABORERS
SINGERS
TEND FIRES
FILL WATER BASINS

ALL OTHER LEVITES



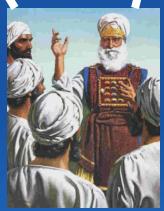












TRIBE OF LEVI



GRADATIONS OF HOLINESS

High Priest, sha'atnez
HIGH (head)

Regular Priest, sha'atnez <u>MIDDLE</u> (waist)

Israelite, sha'atnez **LOW** (knee)

Blue thread = royalty

White threads = priesthood



TALLITH

First tallith were rectangular pieces of cloth with a head-hole, Tzitzit attached

Later was prayer shawl style

Both in use today, depending on sect's preferences



JESUS WORE TZITZIT

- Matthew 9:20 "....a woman.....touched the fringe of his cloak..."
- Matthew 14:34 "....all who were sick....might just touch the fringe of his coat...."
- Women were allowed and still do, wear Tzitzit



ARE TZITZIT FOR CHRISTIANS?



- Rev.1:4 "....made us into a kingdom of priests..."
- How literally do we take this?
- > 1) It is NOT wrong.
- > 2) INTENT is important.
- 3) NOT for getting saved OR for staying saved!
- Verse 39:

look → recall → observe